The Climate Action Reserve



CLIMATE ACTION RESERVE

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### History of the Climate Action Reserve



- Founded as the California Climate Action Registry by state legislation in 2001
  - Encourage voluntary reporting and reductions
  - Develop protocols to track GHG emissions and reductions

## **Objectives of the Climate**



Action Reserve
Address public concerns about the voluntary carbon market that:

Projects aren't additional
Credits are being double counted or sold

Our reputation for high-quality accounting standards can address these concerns

Show that carbon offsets can be a useful tool in

- addressing climate change
- Intended to be the premier place to register carbon offset projects for North America
   Be the recognized "seal of approval"

### **Role of Offsets**



- Offsets are part of the solution to climate change
  - Obtain reductions from unregulated sectors
  - Spur/demonstrate new technologies
- Must ensure environmental integrity to be effective
- Voluntary Market
  - Support climate neutral claims
- Compliance Programs
  - Provide economic efficiency, price pressure relief
  - Reduce more emissions faster
    - Allows for more stringent cap.

#### What Makes a Good Offset?



- It occurs outside of any regulatory requirement (incl. outside capped sector).
- It would not have occurred save for the incentive provided by a GHG market.
- It can be accurately measured.
- It can be independently verified.
- Its ownership is undisputed.
- It is permanent.

What makes the Reserve different? Recognition **Recognized and Supported by:** California Air Resources Board State of Pennsylvania Voluntary Carbon Standard (VCS) Leading environmental organizations: Environment America Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC) Union of Concerned Scientists - Sierra Club Wilderness Society

# What makes the Reserve different? Transparency

- Unparalleled transparency makes the Reserve unique
- Public reports include:
  - All protocols
  - List of all account-holders
  - List of all projects and all project documents
  - List of all issued CRTs for every project
  - All retired CRTs



What makes the Reserve different? Performance standard = Ease of use



- Why a performance standard is different <u>– The hard work is upfront</u>
  - Assess industry practice as a whole, rather than individual project activities
- Less subjective determination to qualify
- More certainty in amount of credits
- Lower risk for developers
- Faster project processing

# What makes the Reserve different? Separation of Roles



- Reserve develops protocols but does not develop projects
- Does not take ownership of offsets
- 501(c)3 non-profit status
- Third-party verification
  - Consistent with international standards
  - Accreditation done by ANSI
  - Conflict of interest analysis on every project

What makes the Reserve different? Linking voluntary and compliance markets

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- For now, main demand is from the voluntary market
- In the future, projects may be usable for compliance in California, Western Climate Initiative or federally
  - Regulators have yet to make decisions on these questions
  - The Reserve "is considered the premier precompliance offset standard." (*State of the Voluntary Carbon Markets 2009*)

#### **Our Protocols**



- Developed with broad public input
- Goal is to create a uniform standard that is widely recognized and builds on best practice
  - We incorporate the best elements of other protocols
  - We do not accept protocols from other programs (i.e. CDM, Gold Standard, VCS, etc.)
- Designed as step-by-step instructions on project development

### Protocol Development Process

- 1. Literature review
- 2. Scoping/kick-off meeting
- 3. Multi-stakeholder workgroup formation
- 4. Draft protocol to workgroup
- 5. Revised draft released for public comment
- 6. Public workshop
- 7. Adoption by Reserve board in public session
  - It is unique for a non-profit Board to meet in public
- 8. Adoption by California Air Resources Board in public session





#### History of the Mexico Protocols



- <u>August 2008</u>: California, PG&E, and border states sign memorandum on carbon projects
- <u>November 2008:</u> Reserve board decides to accept projects in Mexico and Canada
- July 2009: First Mexico protocols adopted

### **Mexico Protocols**



Currently

 Landfill gas capture
 Agricultural methane capture

Next in line
 – Forestry

#### **Under development for U.S**

- Organic waste digestion
- Coal mine methane
- N20 destruction from acid plants
- ODS destruction

### **Steps to eligibility**



- 1. Location U.S. or Mexico
- 2. Project started operation after 8/15/08 (for Mexico projects)
- 3. Regulatory screen not legally required
- 4. Performance standard for additionality
- 5. Compliance must meet all applicable environmental regulations

#### Verification



- Developer selects an accredited verifier
  - Accreditation being done by ANSI with CCAR oversight
  - Accredited DOEs may also conduct verification
- Verifier submits conflict of interest form
- Developer hires verifier
  - Verifier makes determination how many tonnes of reduction have taken place
  - Project documents, verification report and verification opinion submitted to CCAR

#### **Crediting reductions**



- Developer opens an account on the Reserve
   Reserve software is operated by APX
- Reserve credits the project developer's account with the appropriate number of CRTs (climate reserve tonnes, pronounced "carrots")

- Project documents are visible to the public

- Each CRT has a unique serial number for tracking
  - Includes embedded information about the project, project type, vintage, and location

#### **Transferring credits**



- Developer contracts to sell CRTs with an interested buyer
  - Financial transaction is outside of the system
  - Buyer must have an account on the system or seller can retire them on behalf of buyer
- Developer instructs the system to transfer the CRTs into the buyer's account
- Buyer can hold them, retire them or transfer them to someone else
- CRT futures can now be traded on the CCFE

### Steps to Register a Project

- 1. Open an account on the Reserve
- 2. Submit project for listing
  - Project submittal form and documents
- 3. Conduct project activities
- 4. Select verifier
  - Verifier submits conflict of interest form
- 5. Submit project documents, verification report and verification opinion

20

6. Project registered and CRTs issued

### The Reserve process



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#### **Fee Structure**



• Retirement: Free

\*Increasing to \$.20 on 10/1/2009



22

#### **Connection to CDM?**



- Our program is outside of the CDM
- Projects may transfer programs but can't get double credits for any vintage
  - Example: early credits through the Reserve then option to move to CDM

## Listed & registered projects



### **Current Stats**

- Reserve launched: May 2008
- Account-holders: 119
- Total submitted projects: 92
   Located in 28 states
- CRTs issued: ~1.6 million
- Recent average price: \$6.80/tonne
  - According to New Carbon Finance,
     Voluntary Carbon Index, July 2009



25

### **Contact Information**



26

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